and directly behind or within 3 feet of the right or left side of the ladder, or ladders, if there is a ladder on each side of the tank, in letters and figures at least 1½ inches high as follows:

WATER CAPACITY

000000 Pounds

(b) After July 25, 2012, authorized DOT non-pressure tank cars that comply with this section and are equipped with stainless steel identification plates may have the water capacity of the tank in pounds prescribed in the first sentence of paragraph (a) of this section stamped plainly and permanently on their identification plate in conformance with the applicable markrequirements prescribed §179.24(a) instead of into the metal of the tank or immediately below the stamped marks specified in §179.200-24(a).

 $[29~{\rm FR}~18995,~{\rm Dec.}~29,~1964.~{\rm Redesignated}~{\rm at}~32~{\rm FR}~5606,~{\rm Apr.}~5,~1967.~{\rm Amended}~{\rm at}~77~{\rm FR}~37985,~{\rm June}~25,~2012]$

§179.201-11 Insulation.

- (a) Insulation shall be of sufficient thickness so that the thermal conductance at 60 $^{\circ}$ F. is not more than 0.075 Btu per hour, per square foot, per degree F. temperature differential.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§§ 179.202—179.202-22 [Reserved]

- § 179.220 General specifications applicable to nonpressure tank car tanks consisting of an inner container supported within an outer shell (class DOT-115).
- § 179.220-1 Tanks built under these specifications must meet the requirements of \$\ \\$\ 179.220 \ \ and \ 179.221.

$\S\,179.220\text{--}3$ Type.

- (a) Tanks built under these specifications must consist of an inner container, a support system for the inner container, and an outer shell.
- (b) The inner container must be a fusion welded tank of circular cross section with formed heads designed convex outward and must have a manway on top of the tank as prescribed herein. When the inner container is divided

into compartments, each compartment must be considered a separate container.

(c) The outer shell must be a fusion welded tank with formed heads designed convex outward.

[Amdt. 179-9, 36 FR 21340, Nov. 6, 1971]

§ 179.220-4 Insulation.

The annular space between the inner container and the outer shell must contain an approved insulation material.

[Amdt. 179-9, 36 FR 21340, Nov. 6, 1971]

§ 179.220-6 Thickness of plates.

(a) The wall thickness, after forming of the inner container shell and 2:1 ellipsoidal heads must be not less than specified in §179.221–1, or not less than that calculated by the following formula:

$$t = \frac{Pd}{2SE}$$

Where:

d =Inside diameter in inches;

- E = 0.9 welded joint efficiency; except E=1.0 for seamless heads;
- P = Minimum required bursting pressure in
 psig;
- S = Minimum tensile strength of plate material in p.s.i. as prescribed in AAR Specifications for Tank Cars, appendix M, Table M1;
- t =Minimum thickness of plate in inches after forming.
- (b) The wall thickness after forming of the inner container heads, if flanged and dished, must be not less than specified in §179.221–1, or not less than that calculated by the following formula:

$$t = \frac{5PL}{6SE}$$

Where:

- E = 0.9 welded joint efficiency; except E=1.0 for seamless heads;
- = Main inside radius to which head is dished, measured on concave side in inches:
- P = Minimum required bursting pressure in
 psig;
- S = Minimum tensile strength of plate material in psi as prescribed in AAR Specifications for Tank Cars, appendix M, Table M1 (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter);

§ 179.220-7

- t = Minimum thickness of plate in inchesafter forming.
- (c) The wall thickness after forming of the cylindrical section and heads of the outer shell must be not less than seven-sixteenths of an inch.
- (d) See §179.220-9 for plate thickness requirements for inner container when divided into compartments.

[Amdt. 179-9, 36 FR 21340, Nov. 6, 1971, as amended at 66 FR 45390, Aug. 28, 2001; 68 FR 75762, Dec. 31, 2003]

§ 179.220-7 Materials.

- (a) The plate material used to fabricate the inner container and nozzles must meet one of the following specifications and with the indicated minimum tensile strength and elongation in the welded condition.
- (b) Carbon steel plate: The maximum allowable carbon content must be 0.31 percent when the individual specification allows carbon content greater than this amount. The plates may be clad with other approved materials.

Specifications	Minimum tensile strength (p.s.i.) welded condition ¹	Minimum elongation in 2 inches (percent) weld metal (longitu- dinal)
AAR TC 128, Gr. B	81,000	19
ASTM A 516 ² , Gr. 70	70,000	20

Maximum stresses to be used in calculations.

(c) Aluminum alloy plate: Aluminum alloy plate must be suitable for welding and comply with one of the following specifications (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter): * * *

Specifications	Minimum tensile strength (p.s.i.) welded condition ³ ⁴	Minimum elongation in 2 inches (percent) weld metal (longitu- dinal)
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5052 1	25,000	18
ASTM B 209, Alloy 50832	38,000	16
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5086 1	35,000	14
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5154 1	30,000	18
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5254 1	30,000	18
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5454 1	31,000	18
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5652 1	25,000	18

¹For fabrication, the parent plate material may be 0 H112, or H32 temper, but design calculations must be based on the minimum tensile strength shown.

(d) High alloy steel plate: High alloy steel plate must comply with one of the following specifications (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter):

Specifications	Minimum tensile strength (p.s.i.) welded condition ¹	Minimum elongation in 2 inches (percent) weld metal (longitu- dinal)
ASTM A 240/A 240M (incorporated by reference; see		
§ 171.7 of this subchapter), Type 304	75,000	30
ASTM A 240/A 240M (incorporated by reference; <i>see</i> § 171.7 of this subchapter),		
Type 304L	70,000	30
ASTM A 240/A 240M (incorporated by reference; <i>see</i> § 171.7 of this subchapter),		
Type 316	74,000	30
ASTM A 240/A 240M (incorporated by reference; see §171.7 of this subchapter),		
Type 316L	70,000	30

¹ Maximum stresses to be used in calculations.

Manganese-molybdenum steel plate: Manganese-molybdenum steel plate must be suitable for fusion welding and must comply with the following specification (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter):

Specifications	Minimum tensile strength (p.s.i.) welded condition ¹	Minimum elongation in 2 inches (percent) weld metal (longitu- dinal)
ASTM A 302, Gr. B	80,000	20

¹ Maximum stresses to be used in calculations.

- (f) Plate materials used to fabricate the outer shell and heads must be those listed in paragraphs (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this section. The maximum allowable carbon content must be 0.31 percent when the individual specification allows carbon content greater than this amount. The plates may be clad with other approved materials.
- (g) All appurtenances on the inner container in contact with the lading must be made of approved material compatible with the plate material of the inner container. These appurtenances must not be subject to rapid deterioration by the lading, or must be coated or lined with suitable corrosion resistant material. See AAR Specifications for Tank Cars, appendix M, M4.05

²This specification is incorporated by reference (IBR, see § 171.7 of this subchapter).

²0 temper only. ³ Weld filler metal 5556 must not be used.

⁴ Maximum stresses to be used in calculations.